

are to be sent to watch respectively the Turkish and Greek military operations.

GREEKS ARE ELATED.

Pleased Over the Fact That the Navy Will Attack Salonica According to Plan.

The Greeks who gathered in the Parthenon restaurant at No. 23 Roosevelt street were fairly clamorous yesterday over the good news from the seat of war. Vast elation was caused by the announcement that at last the flag of King George was moving on Salonica. They have been expecting that news. The bombardment of Salonica, with a view to cutting off the supplies stored there, was part of the plans, which have been completed for several years. The members of the national reserves here knew of this, and could not understand why the attack was delayed.

The resistance at Larissa, they have all along contended, was a lure to get the entire Turkish army inside the lines which the troops starting inland are throwing out across Macedonia and Epirus, when, with supplies and munitions stopped, they will

home. The two pilgrims, however, were received with frowns.

"Me Herakle," said a big Greek, crushing a loaf of bread in his Spartan fist, "here are a couple of cowardly deserters," and he flung the crushed loaf at the head of Anthony Nico Pismouni. Eggs, butter, bread, pepper pots and mustard cups pelted the two Corinthians. They fled.

Warrior Brown then started Pismouni and Patros for the Parthenon in Roosevelt street, but although they moved as swiftly as a trireme, their pursuers of the Chatham square resort went faster. The Greek colony was aroused and poured from every doorway.

The two farmers of Corinth thus found the Parthenon as inaccessible as the Pass of Melouna.

"Go back and fight for Greece," yelled the crowd. "You are cowards and deserters!"

Pismouni and Patros wished they had never left Corinth. They flung themselves into the bottom of the wagon and prayed for rain. The captain soon had them back on Ellis Island.

Patros borrowed enough money yesterday afternoon to start for Chicago. Pismouni telegraphed to his brother-in-law in Chicago

HE SAYS THERE IS NO REAL WAR.

"I BELIEVE that the ultimate defeat of the Greeks in this war is as good as assured, and as a fatalist I entertain no doubt as to the result. There is really no war there, however; nothing but a few skirmishes, which will be ended so soon as Edhem Pasha shall have taken Larissa. There is, really, therefore, no necessity for Greeks living in this country to start from here for the scene of hostilities. We do not need any help from the outside to whip Greece. The Americans are very poor judges of the merits of this war. They are blinded by their fanatical feelings against our religion, and cannot appreciate the causes which have induced our nation to take its present course. If they could see clearly, they would soon be obliged to admit that the Greeks are the aggressors.—FROM AN INTERVIEW WITH RESCHID BEY, TURKISH CONSUL-GENERAL.

be at the mercy of the enormous forces which are expected to rise up in revolt through all that part of the Turkish dominion.

"As for the defenses of Larissa," said Demetrius Phassoularides, "the report of their weakness is only to deceive the Turks. The greatest strength in fortifications, explosives and men has been centered there. The populace of the peninsula will rise before the Turks. When the time comes Macedonia will rise up behind them. Then the plan of conflict will be complete."

James D. Patterson said: "You will notice in the dispatches which have come thus far there has been nothing said of the work the insurgents are doing. The Turkish Government has done precisely what Weyler did in Spain—closed all sources of information which will contradict the stories of Turkish success. All the conditions, where the insurgents are centered, to the west and north, are in our favor. There is an abundance of arms and ammunition there. They have been stored in secret places in the mountains, where the Turks can never find them. For them to endeavor to overcome our people in those mountains is as hopeless as it was for Weyler's Spaniards to fight against the guerrillas of Maceo."

TURKS LOSE HEAVILY.

Find the Greeks Better Fighters Than They Had Expected.

Constantinople, April 20.—The Turkish authorities here admit that the losses of the Ottoman troops since the outbreak of war with Greece have been considerable. The Turkish commanders expected a fairly easy march to Larissa, and did not anticipate the stubborn defense and desperate valor with which the Greeks have opposed the invasion.

Izzet Bey, the confidential adviser of the Sultan, has been disgraced, owing to his opposition to war with Greece and to his action in proposing that the Sultan should negotiate directly with Greece for the purpose of bringing about an amicable settlement of the matters in dispute between the Greeks and Turks.

While France is protecting the Greek Catholics in the Turkish Empire Great Britain has undertaken to protect the orthodox Greeks during the suspension of diplomatic relations between Greece and Turkey.

MAY ATTACK ALLIES.

Will Cretans Try to Drive Out the International Troops?

Canea, April 21.—The Italian Consul visited the camp of Colonel Vassos, with a view of inducing the Italian volunteers to return home. He had a long interview with Colonel Vassos, who said he could not control the insurgents and feared they were preparing to take some action calculated to lead to serious complications.

The Italian Consul gathered the impression that an attack was meditated on the positions occupied by the international troops. Colonel Vassos declared that he would not hesitate to attack Canea if ordered to do so by the Greek Government. But he added that in such an event he would give due notice to the admirals of the international fleets.

Naples, April 21.—The steamers Independence and Arno and the cruiser Liguria have started with troops for Crete.

GREEKS MET GREEKS.

Two Young Farmers from Corinth Get a Hot Reception for Leaving Their Country at This Time.

Three youthful Greeks, Anthony Nico Pismouni, seventeen years old; Elias Patros, eighteen years old, and John Floris, twenty years old, arrived here yesterday on the steamship Odiam, doubtless looking for sweet liberty and peace. They found New York hotter than the plains of Thessaly.

The first son of liberty they met after passing through the Registry Department at Ellis Island was "Captain" George Gal, was sometimes known as "Brown," formerly of Coxey's army, Galway, having renounced the sword for the express wagon, offered to take the Greeks and their baggage wherever they wanted to go. At this point Floris dropped out, taking a train to Chicago. Joye was a friend of his.

Pismouni and Patros were taken by warrior "Brown" to a Greek restaurant at No. 7 Chatham square. They arrived safely without encountering a Turk.

Once within the restaurant, where a dozen dark-haired compatriots were drinking coffee and smoking cigarettes, the two young farmers from Corinth felt more at

GREEK WOMEN APPEAL.

Queen Olga and Princess Sophia Foremost in the Patriotic Organization.

Editor Salon J. Vlasto received yesterday a thrilling appeal from the Greek Women's Union, at Athens, of which Queen Olga and Crown Princess Sophia are reigning spirits. It said:

Women of the old and new world; Christian mothers, sisters and wives; workers for civilization and progress; guardians of love and justice:

GREETING! Christian mothers, sisters and wives civilized like you, earnestly appeal for your help. Our sons, our brothers, our husbands fighting for the Cross, are being killed and wounded in a sacred cause.

Their blood stains the last page of the history of the nineteenth century, the history of civilization and progress, of which you are the promoters.

Christian mothers! Do not share the responsibility of your diplomats. Arouse in the hearts of your husbands and sons more Christian and more equitable sentiments. Unite, and your just protest will be heard in the hearts of the nations and the people.

Prove by your energy and work that the women, the true missionaries of right, with the gospel of love and justice in their hearts raise themselves by the side of the wronged.

Signed: HELEN GRIVA, President of the Union. CALLIRHOE TARRIN, General Secretary.

Athens, April 20. Subscriptions may be sent directly to Her Majesty, the Queen of Greece, or to the president of the union, both at Athens, or to Editor Vlasto.

NO USE FOR LICENSE.

Greek Pedlar, Arrested for Selling Without One, Says He Is Going Home to Fight.

Policeman Ahlers arrested Kosta Giganis, of 23 Washington street, a Greek

fruit pedler, in Wall street, yesterday, and charged him before Police Magistrate Brann with doing business without a license.

Giganis handed his old license up to the Court. His privilege had terminated April 13.

"Why didn't you have it renewed?" asked the Judge.

"I shan't need any license after this," answered the Greek, "I'm going home to fight for my country."

"Well, I admire your patriotism, but I must fine you a dollar."

"That's all right," said Giganis, cheerfully, and laying down his money he left the place.

NOT SO PANICKY NOW.

Wall Street Easier Over the War Situation, Though Wheat Causes Some Excitement.

The tension in Wall Street over the effect of the Greco-Turkish war on the security markets was further relieved yesterday. Early quotations from London were higher on all American securities. The most noticeable advances were 1/2c. in St. Paul, to 71 1/2c.; 1/2c. in Louisville & Nashville, to 43 1/2c.; 1/2c. in Canadian Pacific, to 40 1/2c. and 1/2c. in New York Central, to 38 1/2c.

Home calls also showed an advance in

London, and British consols were quoted one-quarter higher, at 112. Wall Street figured that things were favorable to a quick end of the war, and that it was improbable that any of the great powers would be dragged in.

In Liverpool, rather contrary to expectations, wheat sold 1 1/2d. higher, which is equivalent of an advance of 1 1/2c. in this market. Following this, the Chicago and New York May option opened 1 1/2c. higher, at 75c. All other options opened with corresponding advances.

News showing Turkish victories of such a character as to lead to the belief that the war will be decided quickly, led to a very heavy decline in wheat in the late afternoon trading. Under this influence

May wheat in Chicago dropped from 76 1/2c. to 75 1/2c., and within five minutes fell to 73 1/2c., a decline of 1 1/2c. from the opening; July dropped from 76 1/2c. to 74 1/2c., declining to 73 1/2c. at which it closed.

The selling movement started in Chicago, where large blocks of wheat were thrown on the market by foreign houses, extended to this city, where on the Produce Exchange, amid great excitement, wheat fell heavily. The May option declined from 82 1/2c. to 81 1/2c., and within a few minutes the closing dropped to 80 1/2c.; July wheat fell from 81 1/2c. to 80 1/2c. and promptly declined to 79, at which it closed.

The stock market, on the contrary, was firm and well maintained. A large number of foreign buying orders were placed here, and the international shares were noticeably strong. This tone extended to the general list, and the closing prices were generally the highest of the day.

CHICAGO'S WHEAT ROUT.

Despite an Early Advance the Bulls Forced a Net Decline for the Day.

Chicago, April 21.—The wheat market was very active at a big advance early and a sharp, sudden and severe decline in the last half hour of the session. The loss, however, was principally confined to the wiping out of the earlier gain, latest

swell having their holdings disposed of turned around and pounded the market until it was helplessly weak and tumble like a ball rolled down a flight of stairs gaining momentum as it descended.

May opened from 74 1/2c. to 75c., as compared with 73 1/2c. to 74c. at the close yesterday. It first worked up to 76 1/2c., then down to 74 1/2c. and back again to 75 1/2c. It was hanging around 75c. about half an hour from the close, and it was then the sluggish got in their work and sent it rolling down to 73 1/2c. and it closed at 73 1/2c.

THEY WANT TO FIGHT.

Many Greeks in America Will Sail for Athens Saturday and at Later Dates.

Consul-General Botassi received a dozen applications yesterday from men who want the special rate to Athens offered by steamship companies. It is expected that fully 300 Greeks from this city, Chicago and other towns will sail for Athens on Saturday on the French liner La Cham pagne.

Solon J. Vlasto, of No. 2 Stone street, editor of the Atlantis, received a telegram from Nashville, Tenn., yesterday announce-

HE THINKS THE GREEKS WILL WIN.

THE Greeks are not at a festival. They have faith, humanity, love of home, love of art. The Turks have nothing to distract them from love of war. No one knows what they can do, for they were not called to arms, really, in the war with Russia. The Turkish Army of 720,000 men, every one of whom is a soldier and nothing else, may well frighten Europe. The Sick Man is vigorous and terrible. But the Greeks have the right on their side. It is impossible that they shall not win. I am confident that they will have Crete, at least. The powers will have to get out of their inactivity. For this lethargy the Kaiser has the hatred of our people. He is as wicked a despot as the Sultan.

HERANT M. KIRETCHJIAN, General Secretary Armenian Relief Association.

quotations showing a net decline for the day of only 1/4c. per bushel.

The motive for the Easter holidays' advance in wheat was almost entirely obliterated this morning from the minds of the traders, but the market opened at over 1c. per bushel advance. English consols were quoted at 111 1/2 yesterday afternoon and at 111 1/4 this morning. That advance showed an utter absence of fear of war in Europe involving any of the great powers.

It ought in consequence to have caused a considerable drop in wheat at the open-

ing that fifteen Greeks were on their way here to sail. Mr. Vlasto received a check for \$50 from Greek sympathizers in Washington. He also announced that two more Greeks had sailed on Tuesday on White Star freighter Cevic, working passage as cattle-men.

About a dozen Greeks from Tr N. J., will come to New York to sail on Saturday for Athens. So, them could not raise enough money, and they are clubbing together, and a sufficient money is raised to send a

SETTING A TRAP FOR THE TURKS.

THE bombardment of Platamon was a strategic move on the part of the Greeks. It indicates that they are trying to get the Turks between two fires. The Ottoman forces now in the neighborhood of Milouna Pass are moving southward. If the Greeks succeed in landing sufficient men at Platamon, the Turks will be in a trap—that is to say they will find themselves cut off from supplies, and retreat north or south will be impossible. However, there can be only one result to this war—the Turks will win.—G. LEPINASSE DE SAUNE, capitaine de frigate, commandant le Fulton, in an interview.

ing, but as has been seen, it was entirely disregarded here, and Liverpool quoted wheat up 1 1/2d. at the opening there.

The market had many severe changes of sentiment, but the bad crop reports, strong advices on demand from abroad for flour and 2 1/2d. advance at Liverpool brought buyers on every reaction, and the people who had been the most diligent spreaders of the bullish information sold the wheat which the people wanted because of the news.

The cash situation, strong as it is, could not stand up against the attack made upon the market in the last half hour of the session. The people who had been surreptitiously selling long wheat on every

the contributors draw lots to see who shall go.

WILL FIGHT THE TURK.

Chicago Greeks to Go Back to Their Country and Take Up Arms.

Chicago, April 21.—More than 1200 Greeks, at a mass meeting last night, resolved to do all they can to aid their native country in the war with Turkey. Amid great enthusiasm four hundred of them signed the muster rolls and promised to be ready to start for New York tomorrow afternoon.

From all sources came help to pay the passage of the volunteers, over \$3,500 being added to the \$1,500 already in the war chest of the Central Committee.

Philadelphia, April 21.—A party of twenty-five Greeks, under command of Lieutenant Epaminondas Nachopoulos, will sail from this port next Tuesday to fight for their country. Lieutenant Nachopoulos and Sergeant Peter Stravopoulos, who is also going with the party, were both officers in the Fifth Regiment of the Greek Infantry. George Casparelli, another of the returning Greeks, was in the same regiment.

HURTS THEIR TRADE.

The War in Greece Will Interfere with Many Importers of Oils, Currants, &c.

D. J. Vlasto, No. 2 Stone street, said yesterday:

"Shipping agents and importers will suffer by the war. The chief imports from Greece are currants, mineral oils, olives, oil, cheese and sponges. Vessels laden with freight cannot now safely leave Piraeus, Syra, Patras, Volo or Calamata. These are the five principal ports of Greece. Therefore Greek importations must cease until the war is over."

CARS MAY CROSS BRIDGE.

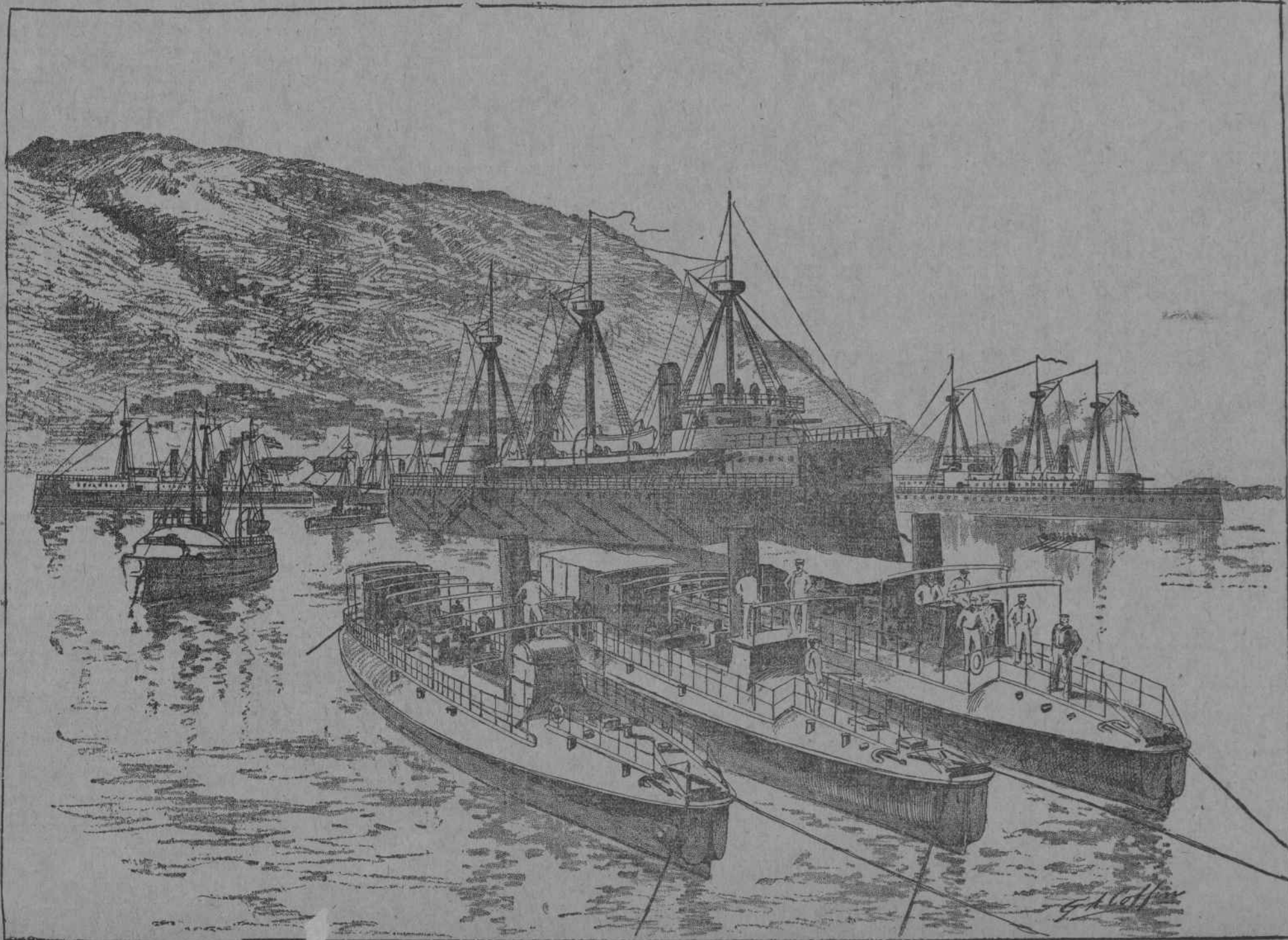
Passage of a Bill to Make Life in Brooklyn Somewhat Easier.

Albany, N. Y., April 21.—Senator Brush's bill providing that the trustees of the New York and Brooklyn Bridge may contract with any street, surface or elevated railroad corporation to run cars from Brooklyn to New York across the bridge without charging an increase in fare over what the company that receives the contract now charges for one continuous ride on its lines, was passed in the Assembly to-day by a vote of 95 ayes to 18 nays.

BLACK WILL SIGN THIS WEEK.

No Long Delay on the Charter Bill Expected at Albany.

Albany, N. Y., April 21.—Colonel Griffith, private secretary to Governor Black, to-day stated that the Greater New York Charter bill is a thirty-day bill, and that Governor Black, if he so desired, could take until May 24, to act on the measure. The bill was received at the Executive Chamber April 14, just ten days before the date set for final adjournment of the Legislature, but as the date of receipt is not counted as one of the ten days which a bill has for consideration by the Executive, this measure will have been before him but nine days when the sine die adjournment is taken on Saturday next. Colonel Griffith would not state whether or not the Governor intended to sign the bill before the adjournment, but it is generally understood that the Governor will act this week.



GREEK IRONCLAD PSARA AND THREE TORPEDO BOATS.